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Our Ref: MARK/EAS009

Mr M Ramsden  
East Hoathly with Halland Parish Council  
Chiltern Stone Cross Road  
Wadhurst  
East Sussex  
TN5 6LR

10 December 2021

Dear Malcolm

**Re: East Hoathly with Halland Parish Council**  
**Internal Audit Year Ended 31 March 2022**

### **Executive summary**

Following completion of our interim internal audit on 10 December 2021 we enclose our report for your kind attention and presentation to the council. The audit was conducted remotely in accordance with current practices and guidelines and testing was risk based. Whilst we have not tested all transactions, our samples have where appropriate covered the entire year to date. **Testing requirements are shown in red** and where appropriate **recommendations for future action are shown in bold text and summarised in the tables at the end of the report.**

Our report is presented in the same order as the assertions on the internal auditor report within the published AGAR. The start of each section details the nature of the assertion to be verified, followed by recommended minimum testing requirements. Each section is then concluded with an opinion as to whether the assertion has been met or not.

Our sample testing did not uncover any errors or misstatements that require reporting to the external auditor, nor did we identify any significant weaknesses in the internal controls such that public money would be put at risk.

It is clear the council takes governance, policies and procedures very seriously and I am pleased to report that overall, the systems and procedures you have in place are fit for purpose and whilst my report may contain recommendations to change these are not indicative of any significant failings, but rather are pointers to improving upon an already well-ordered system.

It is therefore our opinion that the systems and internal procedures at East Hoathly with Halland Parish Council are well established and followed.

### **Regulation**

The Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 require smaller authorities, each financial year, to conduct a review of the effectiveness of the system of internal control and prepare an annual governance statement in accordance with proper practices in relation to accounts. In addition to this, a smaller authority is required by Regulation 5(1) of the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015 to "undertake an effective internal audit to evaluate the effectiveness of its risk management, control and governance processes, taking into account public sector internal auditing standards or guidance."

Internal auditing is an independent, objective assurance activity designed to improve an organisation's operations. It helps an organisation accomplish its objectives by bringing a systematic, disciplined approach to evaluate and improve the effectiveness of risk management, control and governance processes. The purpose of internal audit is to review and report to the authority on whether its systems of financial and other internal controls over its activities and operating procedures are effective.

Internal audit's function is to test and report to the authority on whether its specific system of internal control is adequate and working satisfactorily. The internal audit reports should therefore be made available to all members to support and inform them when they considering the authority's approval of the annual governance statement.

### Independence and competence

Your audit was conducted by Andy Beams of Mulberry & Co. We confirm we are independent from the management of the financial controls and procedures of the council and neither the internal auditor or the firm have any conflicts of interest with the audit client, nor do they provide any management or financial assistance to the client.

Your auditor has over 30 years' experience in the financial sector with the last 11 years specialising in local government.

### Engagement Letter

An engagement letter was issued to the council covering the 2021/22 internal audit assignment. Copies of this document are available on request.

### Planning and inherent risk assessment

The scope and plan of works including fee structure was issued to the council under separate cover. Copies of this document are available on request. In summary, our work will address each of the internal control objectives as stated on the Annual Internal Audit Report of the AGAR.

- There have been no instances of breaches of regulations in the past
- The client uses an industry approved financial reporting package
- The client regularly carries out reconciliations and documents these
- There is regular reporting to council
- The management team are experienced and informed
- Records are neatly maintained and referenced
- The client is aware of current regulations and practices
- There has been no instance of high staff turnover

At the interim audit date, it is my opinion that the inherent risk of error or misstatement is low, and the controls of the council can be relied upon and as such substantive testing of individual transactions is not required. Testing to be carried out will be "walk through testing" on sample data to encompass the period of the council year under review. A final audit will be conducted after the year-end of 31 March 2022.

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**A. BOOKS OF ACCOUNT (INTERIM AUDIT)****Internal audit requirement**

*Appropriate accounting records have been properly kept throughout the financial year.*

**Recommended minimum testing:**

- Ensure the correct roll forward of the prior year cashbook balances to the new financial year
- Check a sample of financial transactions in cashbooks to bank statements, etc.: the sample size dependent on the size of the authority and nature of accounting records maintained

**Interim audit**

The council uses the Rialtas Business Solutions (RBS) software accounting package for recording the day-to-day financial transactions of the council. This is a tried and tested industry specific package and I make no recommendation to change. The system is used regularly for recording transactions and producing management information reports for review by council.

The interim audit was conducted remotely and the Clerk and RFO had prepared the requested information for review and forwarded to me in advance of our telephone conversation. Other information was reviewed on the council website and through discussion with the Clerk and RFO.

Meeting agendas are logically structured and minutes show clear resolutions being made by committee and council. I make no recommendation to change this system.

The council is not VAT registered and completes reclaims via a VAT 126 claim form. The last VAT reclaim was for the period 1 April to 30 September 2021 inclusive and showed a refund position of £1,873.53. I confirmed this amount was received by the council on 31 October 2021. The council is up to date with its postings.

Overall, I have the impression that the council's systems, policies and procedures are suitable for a council of this size and are adhered to by the officers and councillors.

**Section conclusion**

I am of the opinion that the control assertion of "Appropriate accounting records have been properly kept throughout the financial year" has been met.

**B. FINANCIAL REGULATIONS, GOVERNANCE AND PAYMENTS (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)****Internal audit requirement**

*This authority complied with its financial regulations, payments were supported by invoices, all expenditure was approved, and VAT was appropriately accounted for.*

**Recommended minimum testing:**

- Review the procedures in place for acquisition of formal tenders and quotes, ensuring they are in line with the Standing Orders and Financial Regulations which should be based on the latest version.
- Ensure that consistent values are in place for the acquisition of formal tenders between Standing Orders and Financial Regulations (frequently different limits are recorded in the two documents)
- Review the procedures for receipt of invoices, agreement of invoice detail and confirmation of goods /services delivery and approval for payment: ideally, a suitably designed certification stamp should be in place providing for evidencing of these checks and payment authorisation
- Check that there is effective segregation between the writing of cheques or the setting up of online payments, and physical release of payments
- Check that VAT reclaims are prepared and submitted in a timely manner in line with the underlying records and in accordance with current HMRC requirements
- Where debit / credit cards are in use, establish the total monthly and individual transaction limits and ensure appropriate controls over physical security and usage of the cards are in place

## Interim audit

### *Check the publication and minuting of the prior year audited AGAR and notice of conclusion of audit.*

The external auditor's report for 2020/21 was not qualified and has been published on the council website along with the Notice of Conclusion of Audit form.

There are references within council minutes of the internal auditor's reports being presented to council for review.

### *Confirm by sample testing that councillors sign statutory office forms*

I confirmed by sample testing that councillors sign "Acceptance of Office" forms. The council website details of the Disclosable Pecuniary Interests of each Member.

### *Confirm that the council is compliant with the relevant transparency code*

The council's income and expenditure are between £25,000 and £200,000 per annum, and it is therefore not required by law to follow the Local Government Transparency Code, although it is recommended to do so. A review of the council website shows that the council is publishing some of the information contained within the code. If the council wishes to provide full transparency for its residents, I recommend reviewing the website of West Chilton Parish Council as an example of how to set out the information [www.wcpc.org.uk/transparency/](http://www.wcpc.org.uk/transparency/)

### *Confirm that the council is compliant with GDPR*

The council is fully aware of GDPR and has undergone training. It was noted the council has established common email addresses for all councillors. This is recommended because it gives a natural segregation between work and personal lives, making it clear beyond doubt in what capacity a councillor is acting. In addition to this it gives control to the council, adds a degree of professionalism and in the event of a FOI request limits access to personal computers.

The council has a Privacy Notice and Accessibility Statement on its website. It is clear the council takes its responsibilities seriously and has made every effort to comply with the legislation.

### *Confirm that the council meets regularly throughout the year*

In addition to full council, the council has a committee structure. Historic agendas and minutes are available on the council website along with a list of meeting dates for 2022.

### *Check that agendas for meetings are published giving 3 clear days' notice.*

The Clerk was able to demonstrate that at least 3 clear days' notice is given on agendas. Whilst we have not tested every single committee and council meeting there was no evidence of non-compliance in giving three clear days' notice of the meeting.

### *Check the draft minutes of the last meeting(s) are on the council's website*

Minutes are routinely uploaded to the council website.

### *Confirm that the Parish Council's Standing Orders have been reviewed within the last 12 months.*

The standing orders are based on the current NALC model and were most recently reviewed and adopted by council at the meeting held in May 2021 (minute ref 0373).

### *Confirm that the Parish Council has adopted and recently reviewed Financial Regulations.*

Financial regulations are based on the latest NALC model and were most recently reviewed and approved by council at the meeting held in May 2021 (minute ref 0374).

**I noted that the Financial Regulations have been stripped back from the NALC model. This may be due to the financial size and complexity of the council's operations, but I would encourage a review against the NALC model to ensure that all relevant elements are included.**

The regulations contain provisions for the approval of spending, setting of budgets, reconciliation of the bank and reporting to council.

**Check that the council's Financial Regulations are being routinely followed.**

The council has thresholds in place at which authorisations to spend must be obtained as below:

**FR 4. Budget Control**

- *Expenditure within the various sections of the Budget can be incurred up to the agreed maximum but Council must approve expenditure in excess of that amount.*
- *(b) The Clerk may incur expenditure on behalf of the Council which is necessary to carry out any repair, replacement or other work which is of extreme urgency that must be done at once, whether or not there is any budgetary provision for such expenditure, subject to a limit of £500. The Clerk shall report the action to the Chairman and Council as soon as is possible.*
- *(c) The Clerk may authorize expenditure on behalf of the Council which is deemed necessary to carry out any repair, replacement or other work that both chairman and vice chairman consider appropriate, whether or not there is any budgetary provision for such expenditure, subject to a limit of £200. The Clerk shall report the action to Council as soon as is possible.*

There are regular standing items on agenda for the Finance & General Purposes committee and Council to review financial reports, including assessing performance against budget, approving expenditure items and noting bank reconciliations.

From the information presented for interim audit, and from review of the council minutes, I found no examples of the council breaching its adopted Financial Regulations.

It appears that councillors are presented with sufficient information to make informed financial decisions.

**Confirm all section 137 expenditure meets the guidelines and does not exceed the annual per elector limit of £8.41 per elector.**

The council has adopted the General Power of Competence (GPC) and the thresholds do not apply.

**Confirm that checks of the accounts are made by a councillor.**

The system noted above details internal review takes place and I am under no doubt that council properly approves expenditure.

**Section conclusion**

At the interim audit date, I am of the opinion that the control assertion "This authority complied with its financial regulations, payments were supported by invoices, all expenditure was approved, and VAT was appropriately accounted for" has been met.

**C. RISK MANAGEMENT AND INSURANCE (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)****Internal audit requirement**

*This authority assessed the significant risks to achieving its objectives and reviewed the adequacy of arrangements to manage these.*

**Recommended minimum testing:**

- Ensure that authorities have prepared, and formally adopted, at least once annually, an appropriate and comprehensive register of assessed risks, both regular and ad hoc
- Ensure that appropriate levels of insurance cover are in place for land, buildings, public, employers' and hirers' (where applicable) liability, fidelity / employees (including councillors) liability, business interruption and cyber security
- Ensure that appropriate arrangements are in place for monitoring play areas, open spaces and sports pitches: such reviews should be undertaken by appropriately qualified external inspectors or, if by officers or members, that they have received the appropriate training and accreditation

**Interim audit**

The council has a simple risk assessment statement, which was last approved by council in May 202 (minute ref 2020529.9.5) The statement outlines the primary risks and the measures taken by the council to mitigate them. Given the size of the council, this approach is adequate, although I would encourage the council to look at the Risk Management processes of other similar sized councils to see whether any improvements can be made.

I confirmed that the council has a valid insurance policy in place with Hiscox which renewed on 1 October 2021. The policy includes Public Liability and Employers Liability cover of £10 million each and a Fraud & Dishonesty (Fidelity Guarantee) level of £150,000). **From a review of bank balances held during the year, it appears as those the council holds in excess of £150,000 at times and I encourage the council to review the level of Fraud & Dishonesty cover to ensure it is adequate.**

#### Section conclusion

At the interim audit date, I am of the opinion that the control objective of “This authority assessed the significant risks to achieving its objectives and reviewed the adequacy of arrangements to manage these” has been met.

#### D. BUDGET, PRECEPT AND RESERVES (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)

##### Internal audit requirement

*The precept or rates requirement resulted from an adequate budgetary process; progress against the budget was regularly monitored; and reserves were appropriate.*

##### Recommended minimum testing:

- Ensure that the full authority, not a committee, has considered, approved and adopted the annual precept in accordance with the required parent authority timetable
- Ensure that budget reports are prepared and submitted to authority / committees periodically during the year with appropriate commentary on any significant variances
- Review the budget performance either during the year or at the financial year-end seeking explanations for any significant or unanticipated variances
- Ensure that the authority has considered the establishment of specific earmarked reserves and, ideally, reviews them annually as part of the budget assessment process
- Ensure that the precept in the accounts matches the submission form to the relevant authority and the public record of precepted amounts

##### Interim audit

The Clerk and RFO confirmed that the budget setting process for 2022/23 has been completed, with the council reaching agreement at the meeting held last week.

There is evidence of regular reporting of performance against budget within the minutes of Finance & General Purposes committee and Council meetings. The receipts and payments report submitted for review at interim audit was for the period ending 31 October 2021 and shows receipts reported at 99.5% of budget and payments at 51.4%. This suggests the budget was accurately set and has been carefully monitored throughout the year.

The council holds circa £89,000 in earmarked reserves. These are allocated to a range of projects which are clearly identifiable in the council’s financial records.

The council has a Financial Reserves Policy which states ‘*General Reserves – the level of General Reserves is a matter of judgment and so this policy does not attempt to prescribe an overall level. However, the current level of General Reserves to be held by the council is targeted to be a minimum of 50% of the annual precept figure.*’

This is consistent with the general guidance offered for a suitable level, and the council’s own Risk Assessment which states ‘*The General Reserve account holds an amount ensuring there are enough reserves for the Parish Council to continue to function for a period of 3 months. The Parish Council agrees that it is good practice to aim to hold one half of its precept amount at any given time.*’

#### Section conclusion

At the interim audit date, I am of the opinion that the control objective of “The precept or rates requirement resulted from an adequate budgetary process; progress against the budget was regularly monitored; and reserves were appropriate” has been met.

**E. INCOME (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)****Internal audit requirement**

*Expected income was fully received, based on correct prices, properly recorded and promptly banked; and VAT was appropriately accounted for.*

**Recommended minimum testing:**

- Review “aged debtor” listings to ensure appropriate follow up action is in place
- Allotments: ensure that appropriate signed tenancy agreements exist, that an appropriate register of tenants is maintained identifying, that debtors are monitored.
- Burials: ensure that a formal burial register is maintained that it is up-to-date and that a sample of interments and memorials are appropriately evidenced, that fees have been charged at the correct approved rate and been recovered within a reasonable time: (Authorities should also acquire and retain copies of Burial / Cremation certificates)
- Hall hire: ensure that an effective diary system for bookings is in place identifying the hirer, hire times and ideally cross-referenced to invoices raised
- Leases: ensure that leases are reviewed in a timely manner in accordance with the terms of the lease and rents similarly reviewed appropriately at the due time
- Other variable income streams: ensure that appropriate control procedures and documentation are in existence to provide a clear audit trail through to invoicing and recovery of all such income
- Where amounts are receivable on set dates during the year, ensure that an appropriate control record is maintained duly identifying the date(s) on which income is due and actually received / banked

**Interim audit**

The precept accounts for approximately 92% of the council’s budgeted income, with other budgeted amounts from the Solar Farm (4%), Garden Plots (3%), other income and bank interest. A review of the nominal ledger entries shows that income is recorded with sufficient narrative detail to clearly identify the source and amounts appear to have been allocated to the correct nominal codes.

The fees and charges of the council have been reviewed and agreed within the last year (minute ref 0414).

**Section conclusion**

At the interim audit date, I am of the opinion that the control objective of “Expected income was fully received, based on correct prices, properly recorded and promptly banked; and VAT was appropriately accounted for” has been met.

**F. PETTY CASH (INTERIM AUDIT)****Internal audit requirement**

*Petty cash payments were properly supported by receipts, all petty cash expenditure was approved and VAT appropriately accounted for.*

**Recommended minimum testing:**

- A number of authorities are now running down and closing their petty cash accounts and using debit / credit cards for ad hoc purchases. Consequently, a “not applicable” response is frequently required in this area.
- Review the systems in place for controlling any petty cash and cash floats (used for bar, catering, etc.)
- Check a sample of transactions during the financial year to ensure appropriate supporting documentation is held
- Review the existence of evidenced periodic independent verification of the petty cash and any other cash floats held
- Ensure that VAT is identified wherever incurred and appropriate
- Physically check the petty cash and other cash floats held
- Where bar or catering facilities are in place, ensure that appropriate cashing-up procedures are in place reconciling the physical cash takings to the till “Z” total readings

**Interim audit**

The council has no petty cash.

**Section conclusion**

I am of the opinion the control objective of "Petty cash payments were properly supported by receipts, all petty cash expenditure was approved, and VAT appropriately accounted for" is not applicable as the council has no petty cash.

**G. PAYROLL (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)****Internal audit requirement**

*Salaries to employees and allowances to members were paid in accordance with this authority's approvals, and PAYE and NI requirements were properly applied.*

**Recommended minimum testing:**

- Ensure that, for all staff, a formal employment contract is in place together with a confirmatory letter setting out any changes to the contract
- Ensure that appropriate procedures are in place for the payment of members allowances and deduction of any tax liability
- Ensure that, for a sample of staff salaries, gross pay due is calculated in accordance with the approved spinal point on the NJC scale or hourly rate, if off-scale, and with the contracted hours
- Ensure that appropriate tax codes are being applied to each employee
- Where free or paid for software is used, ensure that it is up to date.
- For the test sample of employees, ensure that tax is calculated appropriately
- Check the correct treatment of pension contributions to either the Local Government pension scheme (non - taxable, deducted from the gross salary or DC schemes like NEST which already allow for tax deductions)
- For NI, ensure that the correct deduction and employer's contributions are applied: NB. The employers' allowance is not available to councils but may be used by other authorities
- Ensure that the correct employers' pension percentage contribution is being applied
- Ensure that for the test sample, the correct net pay is paid to the employee with tax, NI and pension contributions correctly paid to the respective agencies

**Interim audit**

The council processes payroll in house using the HMRC Online PAYE tools. I reviewed the payslips and summaries presented for interim audit, and deduction amounts appear correct. A review of the accounting records shows that HMRC payments are up to date.

There are two employees, who both have a signed contract of employment, based on the NALC model. There are no councillor allowances.

**Section conclusion**

At the interim audit date, I am of the opinion that salaries are correctly stated on the AGAR and that the control object of "Salaries to employees and allowances to members were paid in accordance with this authority's approvals, and PAYE and NI requirements were properly applied" has been met.



**H. ASSETS AND INVESTMENTS (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)****Internal audit requirement**

*Asset and investments registers were complete and accurate and properly maintained.*

**Recommended minimum testing:**Tangible fixed assets

- Ensure that the authority is maintaining a formal asset register and updating it routinely to record new assets at historic cost price, net of VAT and removing any disposed of / no longer serviceable assets
- Physically verifying the existence and condition of high value, high risk assets may be appropriate
- Ideally, the register should identify for each asset the purchase cost and, if practicable, the replacement / insured cost, the latter being updated annually and used to assist in forward planning for asset replacement
- Additions and disposals records should allow tracking from the prior year to the current
- Ensure that the asset value to be reported in the AGAR at Section 2, Box 9 equates to the prior year reported value, adjusted for the nominal value of any new acquisitions and /or disposals
- Compare the asset register with the insurance schedule to ensure that all assets as recorded are appropriately insured or “self-insured” by the authority

Fixed asset investments

- Ensure that all long-term investments (i.e., those for more than 12-month terms) are covered by the “Investment Strategy” and reported as Assets in the AGAR at Section 2, Box 9.

Borrowing and lending

- Ensure that the authority has sought and obtained appropriate DMO approval for all loans acquired
- Ensured that the authority has accounted for the loan appropriately (i.e., recorded the full value of the loan. Any arrangement fee should be regarded as an admin expense) in the year of receipt
- Ensure that the combined principal loan repayment and interest for the year is correctly recorded in the AGAR at Section 2 Box 5
- Ensure that the outstanding loan liability as of 31st March each year is correctly recorded in the AGAR at Section 2, Box 10 (value should be verified via the DMO website)
- Where the authority has issued loans to local bodies, they should ideally seek signed indemnities from the recipient body, or their members, agreeing to underwrite the loan debt

**Interim audit**

The council has a simple fixed asset register which is maintained in an Excel format. The register provides a description of the asset, its date of acquisition, location, original cost and insurance value. Council is reminded that all assets should be listed at original or proxy cost.

**Section conclusion**

At the interim audit date, I am of the opinion that the control objective of “Asset and investments registers were complete and accurate and properly maintained” has been met.

**I. BANK AND CASH (INTERIM AND FINAL AUDIT)****Internal audit requirement**

*Periodic and year-end bank account reconciliations were properly carried out.*

**Recommended minimum testing:**

- Ensure that bank reconciliations are prepared routinely, are subject to independent scrutiny and sign-off by members
- Verify the accuracy of the year-end bank reconciliation detail and ensure accurate disclosure of the combined cash and bank balances in the AGAR, Section 2, Box 8
- Where the authority has bank balances in excess of £100,000 it has an appropriate investment strategy

**Interim audit**

Bank reconciliations are completed monthly and presented to Finance & General Purposes committee meetings for sign-off. There is no current requirement in the council's adopted Financial Regulations for an independent quarterly check, although this is included in the NALC model version and is recommended best practice.

I reviewed the reconciliations presented for interim audit. I found no errors and was able to confirm the balances to the associated bank statements.

**Section conclusion**

At the interim audit date, I am of the opinion that bank and cash balances are properly shown on the AGAR and that the control objective of "Periodic and year-end bank account reconciliations were properly carried out" has been met.

**J. YEAR END ACCOUNTS (FINAL AUDIT)****Internal audit requirement**

*Accounting statements prepared during the year were prepared on the correct accounting basis (receipts and payments or income and expenditure), agreed to the cash book, supported by an adequate audit trail from underlying records and where appropriate debtors and creditors were properly recorded.*

**Recommended minimum testing:**

- Ensure that, where annual turnover exceeds £200,000, appropriate records are maintained throughout the year on an Income and Expenditure basis to facilitate budget reporting in that vein
- Ensure that appropriate accounting arrangements are in place to account for debtors and creditors during the year and at the financial year-end

**Section conclusion**

To be reviewed at the year-end audit.

**K. LIMITED ASSURANCE REVIEW (FINAL AUDIT)****Internal audit requirement**

*If the authority certified itself as exempt from a limited assurance review in 2019/20, it met the exemption criteria and correctly declared itself exempt. (If the authority had a limited assurance review of its 2019/20 AGAR tick "not covered")*

**Recommended minimum testing:**

- The correct exemption certificate was prepared and minuted in accordance with the statutory submission deadline
- That it has been published, together with all required information on the Authority's website and noticeboard

**Section conclusion**

To be reviewed at the year-end audit.

**L: TRANSPARENCY (INTERIM AUDIT)****Internal audit requirement**

*If the authority has an annual turnover not exceeding £25,000, it publishes information on a website / webpage up to date at the time of the internal audit in accordance with the Transparency Code for Smaller Authorities*

**Recommended minimum testing:**

- This test applies only to those councils covered by the £25,000 External Audit exemption
- Internal auditors should review the authority's website ensuring that all required documentation is published in accordance with the Transparency Code for Smaller Authorities

**Interim audit**

The council has an annual turnover exceeding £25,000, and this test does not apply.

**Section conclusion**

I am of the opinion that the control assertion of *“If the authority has an annual turnover not exceeding £25,000, it publishes information on a website/ webpage up to date at the time of the internal audit in accordance with the Transparency code for smaller authorities”* is not applicable due to the council turnover exceeding £25,000.

**M: EXERCISE OF PUBLIC RIGHTS - INSPECTION OF ACCOUNTS (FINAL AUDIT)**

**Internal audit requirement**

*The authority has demonstrated that during summer 2021 it correctly provided for the exercise of public rights as required by the Accounts and Audit Regulations.*

**Recommended minimum testing:**

- Internal auditors should acquire / examine a copy of the required “Public Notice” ensuring that it clearly identifies the statutory 30 working day period when the authority’s records are available for public inspection.
- Internal auditors may also check whether councils have minuted the relevant dates at the same time as approving the AGAR

**Section conclusion**

To be reviewed at the year-end audit.

**N: PUBLICATION REQUIREMENTS (INTERIM AUDIT)**

**Internal audit requirement**

*The authority has complied with the publication requirements for 2020/21. Under the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015, authorities must publish the following information on the authority website / webpage.*

**Recommended minimum testing:**

- Internal auditors should acquire / examine a copy of the required “Public Notice” ensuring that it clearly identifies the statutory 30 working day period when the authority’s records are available for public inspection.
- Internal auditors may also check whether councils have minuted the relevant dates at the same time as approving the AGAR

*Before 1 July 2021 authorities must publish:*

- *Notice of the period for the exercise of public rights and a declaration that the accounting statements are as yet unaudited*
- *Section 1 - Annual Governance Statement 2020/21, approved and signed, page 4*
- *Section 2 - Accounting Statements 2020/21, approved and signed, page 5*

*Not later than 30 September 2021 authorities must publish:*

- *Notice of conclusion of audit*
- *Section 3 - External Auditor Report and Certificate*
- *Sections 1 and 2 of AGAR including any amendments as a result of the limited assurance review.*

*It is recommended as best practice, to avoid any potential confusion by local electors and interested parties, that you also publish the Annual Internal Audit Report, page 3.*

**Interim audit**

I was able to confirm that the publication requirements for 2020/21 have been met and the Notice of Public Rights is published on the council website.

**Section conclusion**

I am of the opinion that the control assertion of *“the authority has complied with the publication requirements for 2019/20 AGAR. Under the Accounts and Audit Regulations 2015, authorities must publish the following information on the authority website / webpage”* has been met.

**O. TRUSTEESHIP (INTERIM AUDIT)**

**Internal audit requirement**

*Trust funds (including charitable) – The council met its responsibilities as a trustee.*

**Recommended minimum testing:**

- Confirm that all charities of which the council is a Trustee are up to date with Charity Commission filing requirements
- that the council is the sole trustee on the Charity Commission register
- that the council is acting in accordance with the Trust deed
- that the charity meetings and accounts are recorded separately from those of the council
- review the level and activity of the charity and where a risk-based approach suggests such, review the Independent Examiner’s report

**Interim audit**

The council is the trustee of East Hoathly and Halland War Memorial Sports Ground (charity number 305212). A review of the Charity Commission website confirms the council is correctly listed as the sole trustee and that all charity reporting is up to date.

**Section conclusion**

I am of the opinion that the control assertion of “Trust funds (including charitable) – The council met its responsibilities as a trustee” has been met.

Should you have any queries please do not hesitate to contact me.

Yours sincerely



**Andy Beams**

**For Mulberry & Co**

**Interim Audit - Points Forward**

Audit Point	Audit Findings	Council comments